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| **For Editor’s Use** |
| The Roles of Initial Plasma Venom Levels and Coagulation Laboratories in Predicting Clinical Courses of Green Pit Viper Bites(Title: Times New Roman, 16.5pt) |
| Ponlapat ROJNUCKARIN(Author’s Name(s): Times New Roman, 11.5pt) Please list in the order of first name, middle name, and surname, and write all surnames in capital letters |
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Abstract

Green Pit Viper (GPV) bite is not only an important public health problem in Thailand, but also a dilemma in clinical management……

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These data give us deeper insight in pathogenesis of coagulopathy and suggest TT as a test to save cost and prevent inconvenience incurred by this common problem.

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Introduction and Objectives

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Viper is the most common snake family responsible for venomous……



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Methods

The study was performed at the Snake Bite Clinic, Division of Hematology. King Chulalongkorn……

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Results and Discussion

Forty-two patients were included in the study for the venom levels and kinetics. The mean age was…..

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Conclusion

In conclusion, this is the first report of green pit viper venom kinetics in human. The clearance of venom…

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References

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1) Kitazawa, S., *J. Lab. Clin. Med.* **1961**(58): 483-491.

2) Munch, W., Kreuer, K. and Seifert, G., *Solid State Ionics*, **145**(1): 437-452.